

## STUDENT REVIEW PROCESS

# Snapshot

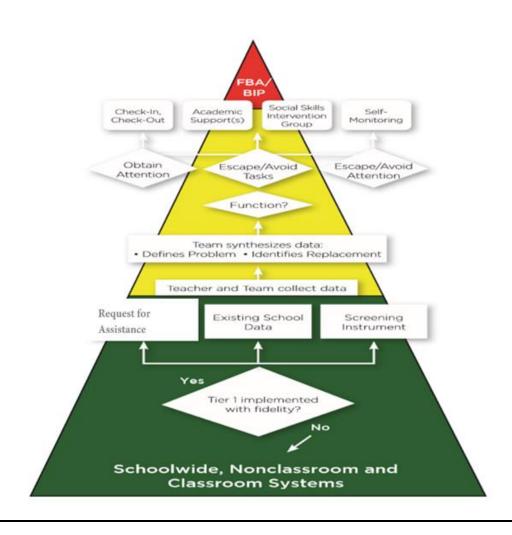
#### Tiered Fidelity Inventory

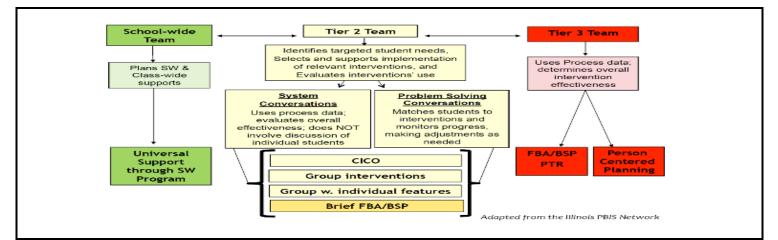
- **2.3 Screening** Tier 2 team uses decision rules and multiple sources of data (e.g. ODR's academic progress, screening tools, attendance, teacher/family/student nominations) to identify students who require Tier 2 supports.
- **2.4 Request for Assistance** Tier 2 planning team uses a written request for assistance form and process that are available to all staff, families, and students.
- **2.7 Practices Matched to Student Need** A formal process is in place to select Tier 2 interventions that are (a) matched to student need (e.g., behavioral function), and (b) adapted to improve contextual fit (e.g., culture, developmental level).

#### Student Support Model

Schools need to first create a graphic representation of the required elements for intensifying supports for students who continue to demonstrate difficulties after Tier 1 components are delivered.

The process begins at the base of the model with implementation of universal level supports and continues through the top of the triangle to Tier 3 intervention and planning. Elements embedded throughout the model provide structure and guidance for processes needing to occur as supports are intensified. Identified components are aligned with items included in the Tiered Fidelity Inventory (TFI) which can be used as a self-assessment tool for monitoring progress toward development of a full continuum.





# Student Review Process

The Student Review Process is a formal process to select Tier 2 interventions that are (a) matched to student need (e.g., behavioral function), and (b) adapted to improve contextual fit (e.g., culture, developmental level). Information from Existing School Data, Request for Assistance Form, Screening Instrument and/or Teacher Interview is used to begin the

ATTENDANCE	Grade		Grade	Grad	ie	Grade	Total Days
Tardy	Olddo	<u> </u>	ordae	Olde	,	Crado	Toral Days
Absent							
ACADEMIC	Grade/Sc	ore	Grade	/Score	Gra	de/Score	Grade/Score
SCORES							
Reading/Language Arts							
Math							
BEHAVIORAL	Number sin	ce			Po	atterns	
REFERRRALS							
Office Discipline							
Referrals							
Minors/Majors Anecdotal		-					
Anecdotal							
In-house							
Suspensions							
Out-of-school							
Suspensions							
HEALTH							
CONCERNS							
SOCIAL	Who does the	studer	nt's target b	ehavior(s)	affect?		
EMOTIONAL							
BEHAVIOR	him/herse Internalizing	IT.	peer		tea	Externalizing	others
'	memorizing					Externalizing	
sadness or depr		shy or		aggre	ession to	others	defiance
sleeps a lot			d/bullied	hyper	activity		stealing
self-injury		non-p	articipant	non-c	ompliar	nce	calling ou
withdrawn		nervoi	us/afraid	disrup	tive		arauina

	WMARY STATEMENT / HYPOTHESIS OF TARGET Define Target Behavior	Student's hehavior is:
	Observable	TOTAL TOTAL MANAGEMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE P
	Measurable	
	Clearly defined	During:
	Problem Analysis (Antecedent)	boiling.
	What happens immediately before the	When:
	target behavior?	Wrier:
	What happens immediately before instances of positive behavior?	Student Does:
-	Problem Analysis (Outcome, Function)	Sloderii Does:
Wh	at happens immediately after the target behaviors at happens immediately after instances of positive behaviors	As a result:
Do	es the target behavior allow the student to access and/or avoid attention, tasks, items, or sensory stimulation?	Therefore:
	simuotony	
	PROBLEM SOLVING QUESTION	NS FOR PREVENTION OF TARGET BEHAVIOR
1.	Describe the student's behavior or	
	concern and the replacement behavior	
	you would like the student to	
	demonstrate.	
2.	What can be done to PREVENT the	
	target behavior? (antecedent	
	strategies)	
3.	What skills should we TEACH the	
	student? (matching function of	
	behavior and social skill)	
4.	What environmental changes can we	
	make to encourage the appropriate	
	behavior?	
	(Classroom Behavior Support Practices	
	Self-Assessment Survey)	
5.	What should we do if the target	
	behavior occurs? (CONSEQUENCES re-	
	engaging the student minimize	
	reinforcement of problem behavior)	
6.	How can we recognize the student for	
	displaying the replacement behavior	
	skill from our School-wide and/or	
	Classroom-wide teaching matrix?	
	(reinforcement)	
7.	How will we know if implementing the	
	above prevention steps resolves the	

process which is guided by the Tier 2 team facilitator and includes the classroom teacher who directly works with the student. The process takes no more than 20 minutes when guided by a skilled facilitator.

#### A Reference Guide for Function-Based Support Options (Horner & Todd, 2002)

Targeted Intervention	Check in, Check out	Social Skills Club	Reading Buddies	Homework Club	Lunch Buddies
Access to Adult Attention	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Access to Peer Attention	yes	yes	yes		yes
Access to Choice of Alternatives/Activities	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Option for Avoiding Aversive Activities	yes	yes	yes		yes
Option for Avoiding Aversive Social Peer/ Adult Attention	yes				yes
Structural Prompts for 'What To Do' Throughout the Day	yes	yes			
At Least 5 Times During the Day When Positive Feedback is Set Up	yes				
A School-Home Communication System	yes			yes	
Opportunity for Adaptation into a Self-Management System	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes

This Reference Guide is designed to be used as a map when discussing function-based support needs for students. Use this reference guide when trying to determine intervention options for individual students. It includes:

Targeted Interventions

△ Components of a targeted intervention include:

- (a) increased structure & prompts
- (b) instruction on skills
- (c) increased regular feedback
- (d) the intervention is available to anyone at anytime

# Student Review Process Simulation

Instructions: Complete a request for assistance form. Select roles for simulation – teacher, facilitator, intervention specialist, administrator and recorder (completes the student review form during simulation.)

Teams will report out the selected intervention as the best match for the student based on information from

- A. Request for Assistance Form: 10 minutes
- B. Student Review Form: 20 minutes

the student review process

C. Targeted Intervention Reference Guide: 5 minutes

<u> </u>		
A. REQUEST FOI	R ASSIST	ANCE FORM
Student:		
Classroom Teacher:		
Grade:		
Date:		
Student Strengths:		What motivates POSITIVE BEHAVIOR for student?
Student Wellness Co	ncerns (c	heck all that apply)
Social Skills/ Behavior Concerns	□ 2 □ E □ 1	2 – 5 ODRs per year 2 or more detentions Behavior interfering with friendships and academics Not engaged in school (frequent absences, tardiness, fails to complete work)
Academic Concerns		Does not master academics at same rate as peers Does not complete assignments/homework Overall G.P.A.
Socio-Emotional Concerns		Withdrawn and/or disengaged from school Socially isolated Experiencing circumstances that may impact performance (death in family, homeless, abuse, recent divorce/life changes)
What is the target b		
(Example School's list o	f most com	mon occurring problem behaviors)
out of seattalking out of turntechnology violatiornot following direction		inappropriate languageother verbal defiance tardy physical aggression
Clearly <b>define</b> the target behavior. (What do you see and hear student doing?)	et .	

What happens <b>right after</b> the target behavior? (What does the student get or avoid?)					
When, where and with whom is the target behavior most likely?					
Possible Function of the Target Behav	⁄ior				
obtain adult attentionobtain peer attentionobtain tangible/activityobtain stimulation/sensory  Evidence-based Strategies Tried to Ac	ddress To	escape/ escape/	avoid adult at avoid peer at avoid tangible avoid stimulat <b>vior</b>	tention e/activity	
	Im	nplemented Yes/No	Successful	Somewhat Successful	Not Successful
FOUNDATIONS - Setting					
FOUNDATIONS – Teaching Expectations					
FOUNDATIONS - Teaching Routines					
PREVENTION PRACTICES – Supervision					
PREVENTION PRACTICES – Acknowledgemen	nt				
<b>PREVENTION PRACTICES</b> – Prompts and Precorrections					
RESPONSE PRACTICES – Brief, consistent and					
specific error correction  RESPOSNE PRACTICES – Planned-Ignoring					
RESPOSNE PRACTICES – FAST (Functional, Accurate, Specific and Timely) INSTRUCTIONAL PRACTICES – Choice					
INSTRUCTIONAL PRACTICES – Sequencing					

#### Additional evidence-based strategies:

INSTRUCTIONAL PRACTICES – Task Difficulty

### **B. INTENSIVE STUDENT REVIEW FORM**

#### STUDENT DATA

ATTENDANCE	Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade	Total Days
Tardy					
Absent					

ACADEMIC SCORES	Grade/Score	Grade/Score	Grade/Score	Grade/Score
Reading/Language Arts				
Math				

BEHAVIORAL REFERRRALS	Number since	Patterns
Office Discipline Referrals Minors/Majors		
Anecdotal		
In-house Suspensions		
Out-of-school Suspensions		

HEALTH CONCERNS	HEALTH CONCERNS					

SOCIAL	Who does the stude	nt's target k	pehavior(s) affect?	
EMOTIONAL				
BEHAVIOR	him/herself	peer	steacher	others
	Internalizing		Externaliz	ing
sadness or deposite sleeps a lotself-injurywithdrawn	tease non-p	timid d/bullied participant bus/afraid	aggression to others hyperactivity non-compliance disruptive not following directions	defiance stealing calling out arguing

SUMMARY STATEMENT / HYPOTHESIS OF TARGE	T BEHAVIOR
<b>Define Target Behavior</b> Observable Measurable Clearly defined	Student's behavior is:  During:
Problem Analysis (Antecedent) What happens immediately before the target behavior? What happens immediately before instances of positive behavior?	When: Student Does:
Problem Analysis (Outcome, Function) What happens immediately after the behavior target? What happens immediately after instances of positive behavior?  Does the target behavior allow the student to access	As a result:
and/or avoid attention, tasks, items, or sensory stimulation?	Therefore:

#### PROBLEM SOLVING QUESTIONS FOR PREVENTION OF THE TARGET BEHAVIOR

- 1. Describe the student's behavior or concern and the replacement behavior you would like the student to demonstrate.
- 2. What can be done to PREVENT the target behavior? (antecedent strategies)
- 3. What skills should we TEACH the student? (matching function of
- 4. What environmental changes can we make to encourage the appropriate behavior?
- engaging the student minimize
- displaying the replacement behavior skill from our School-wide and/or Classroom-wide teaching matrix? (reinforcement)
- above prevention steps resolves the target behavior?

#### **B. TARGETED INTERVENTION REFERENCE GUIDE**

• (							
<del>)</del> #	(argeted) Intervention		( <del>=</del>				
	Reference Guide	Check In	Check In Check Out Individual	Breaks are Better	Behavior Check In Check Out	Check Connect Expect	
≻	Access to Adult Attention						
	Access to Peer Attention						
	Access to Choice of Alternative/Activities						
CENCE	Option for Avoiding Aversive Activities						
PO	Option for Avoiding Aversive Social Peer/Adult Attention						
.NIIOI	Structural Prompts for 'What to Do' Throughout the Day						
	At Least 5 Times During the Day When Positive Feedback is Set Up						
	A School-Home Communication System						
IAKGE	Opportunity for Adaptation into a Self- Management System						

<sup>\*</sup>Adapted from PBIS Mo SW-PBS

#3

**Instructions:** Complete the *Tier 2 Core Components Checklist* for all *Tier 2 interventions*. How might you integrate all *Tier 2 interventions* into your school's *Targeted Intervention Reference Guide?* 

Tier 2 Core Components Checklist		
Does the intervention meet academic, behavioral or social emotional needs?		
Is there a documented coordinator for the intervention?		
Are there two sources of data for identification?		
Is there a documented procedure for staff, students and families?		
Is there a documented monitoring procedure?		
Is there a documented fading procedure?		
Is there weekly family communication?		
Is there weekly communication with participating classroom teachers?		
Is there a quarterly process for sharing updates?		
Is there a documented fidelity check procedure?		
Is there a documented social validity check?		
Is there a documented outcome data procedure?		

How can we integrate Academic, Social Emotional and Behavioral Supports into our school's identification and student review process?

# **Student Support Model**Graphic Representation



**Instructions:** Create a graphic representation of a Student Support Model for a mutli-tiered behavior framework. When appropriate, work with District Tier 2 Coordinator to create District-wide visual representation of a Tier 2 Student Support Model within a multi-tiered behavior framework.

- △ The model should contain embedded elements providing structure and guidance for processes needing to occur as supports are intensified within Tier 2 support systems
- △ Identified components should align with items included in the Tiered Fidelity Inventory (TFI) which is used as a self-assessment tool for monitoring progress toward development of a full continuum.

#### School Example

